

## 1.2 Distribution of Mg in the human body

Table (1) Magnesium functions in the body

<b>Enzyme function</b>	As Enzyme substrate Direct enzyme activation
<b>Membrane function</b>	Cell adhesion Transmembrane electrolyte flux
<b>Calcium antagonist</b>	Muscle contraction/relaxation Neurotransmission release Action potential conduction
<b>Structural function</b>	Proteins Polyribosomes Nucleic acids Multiple enzyme complexes Mitochondria

The total magnesium content of human body is ~20mmol/kg of fat free tissue. Therefore, total magnesium in an average 70 kg adult with 20%(w/w) fat is ~1000 to 1120 mmol (Ford & Mokdad, 2003; Swaminathan, 2003).

Ninety nine percent of body magnesium exists in bone, muscles and non-muscular soft tissue. Furthermore, 50-60% of magnesium resides as surface substituent of hydroxyapatite in bones (Swaminathan, 2003; Pasternak *et al.*, 2010). With aging, magnesium content in bones decreases making it less bioavailable for body in cases of magnesium deprivation. Nevertheless, bone still provides a huge exchangeable pool to buffer acute alternations in magnesium levels in serum because one third of skeletal magnesium is exchangeable (Pasternak *et al.*, 2010; Geiger & Wanner, 2012; Jahn-Dechent & Ketteler, 2012).